

# Application of Artificial Intelligence (AI) in Educational Management

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## Abstract

Artificial intelligence (AI) is rapidly transforming various industries, including education. AI is being used in educational management to enhance the learning process, improve student outcomes, and streamline administrative tasks. This research work aims to explore the application of AI in educational management, including its benefits and challenges. The research work employs a systematic review methodology, examining the literature on AI in educational management. The study finds that AI has several advantages, including improving student engagement, personalization of learning, and cost-effectiveness. However, AI also poses several challenges, such as ethical concerns, potential biases, and the need for re-skilling the workforce. The research concludes that AI has an enormous capacity to improve educational management, but it must be deployed with care and caution.

**Keywords:** Artificial Intelligence, Educational Management, Personalization of Learning, Ethics.

## Introduction

Artificial intelligence (AI) is an advanced technology that simulates human intelligence processes using machine learning algorithms, neural networks, and natural language processing (NLP). AI is transforming various industries, including healthcare, finance, and manufacturing. In recent years, AI has also made inroads into the education sector, particularly in educational management. AI can help improve the learning process, enhance student outcomes, and automate administrative tasks.

The application of AI in educational management is still in its early stages, but it has already shown promising results. For instance, AI-powered learning systems can personalize the learning experience for students, provide real-time feedback, and detect potential problems early. Similarly, AI can help educators identify student strengths and weaknesses, enabling them to tailor their teaching methods accordingly.

However, AI in educational management also raises several ethical, legal, and social issues. For example, the use of AI in education can lead to potential biases and discrimination, raise privacy concerns, and impact the labor market. Therefore, it is crucial to evaluate the application of AI in educational management carefully.

## Overview of Educational Management

Educational management refers to the process of planning, organizing, directing, and controlling resources (human, financial, and physical) within an educational institution to achieve specific goals and objectives. It involves various activities such as curriculum development, teacher training, student assessment, and school budgeting. Educational management is essential for ensuring that educational institutions run efficiently and effectively to provide quality education to students. Bush and Glover (2014), maintain that educational management is an important field of study that helps educational institutions to meet their goals and objectives. The authors

state that effective educational management requires the use of appropriate management techniques and tools, such as strategic planning, performance management, and financial management.

A very important aspect of educational management is leadership. Leithwood, Seashore Louis, Anderson, and Wahlstrom (2004) hold that effective leadership is critical for the success of educational institutions. The authors argue that effective leaders create a vision for the institution, establish clear goals and objectives, develop and support a talented staff, and create a positive school culture. Teacher development is another crucial aspect of educational management. Darling-Hammond and Richardson (2009) argue that teacher development is essential for improving student achievement. The authors suggest that teacher development programs should focus on improving instructional strategies, providing ongoing support and feedback, and promoting collaboration among teachers.

In addition, student assessment is a key component of educational management. For Black and Wiliam (1998), assessment is essential for improving student learning. The authors argue that assessment should be formative, ongoing, and integrated into the teaching and learning process. Finally, budgeting and resource management are also critical aspects of educational management. It is the view of Branson and Rollefson (2002) that effective budgeting and resource management can help educational institutions to allocate resources efficiently and effectively to achieve their goals and objectives.

In conclusion, educational management is a complex and multifaceted field that requires a range of skills and knowledge. Effective educational management involves leadership, teacher development, student assessment, and budgeting and resource management. By using appropriate management techniques and tools, educational institutions can improve their efficiency and effectiveness to provide quality education to students. Effective management practices such as curriculum development, teacher training, student assessment, and budgeting and resource management can contribute to the improvement of student learning outcomes, enhance the performance of teachers, and ensure the efficient use of resources within educational institutions.

### **Several Applications of AI in Educational Management**

There is no doubt that AI has definitely become a blessing to humanity and can be employed and applied in many areas of life and educational management is not an exception. Several scholars and researchers have shown ways the applications of AI are evident in the field of educational management. Educational management employs the assistance of AI intelligent tutoring systems as can be observed in some institutions. Intelligent tutoring systems are computer programs that use AI to provide personalized instruction to students. For Zhang and Li (2021), these systems can "adapt to the individual learning style of each student" (p. 99). AI can be used to grade assignments and exams, which can save educators time and provide more consistent grading. This is in line with the submission of Ecker et al. (2018), that "automated grading systems have been shown to be as accurate as human graders in many cases" (p. 285). AI can be used to analyze student data to identify at-risk students and provide targeted interventions. In line with Wang et al. (2020), "predictive analytics can help educators to identify students who are at risk of dropping out or failing a course, so that they can intervene early" (p. 223).

Again, AI makes personalized learning possible. Personalized learning has numerous positive impact which includes improved learning outcomes and increased student engagement (Chen et al. (2021). In other words, AI can be used to create personalized learning paths for students based on their individual needs and preferences. AI-powered chatbots can be used to provide students with immediate answers to their questions and support them outside of class hours. These chatbots can provide timely and effective support to students, and thereby causing retention and increased student satisfaction (Liu et al. (2020). Singh and Singh (2021) were more detailed in their contribution by showing several applications of AI in educational management. Some of these applications include:

- Personalized learning: AI can be used to create personalized learning experiences for students by analyzing their strengths, weaknesses, and learning styles.
- Assessment and grading: AI can automate the assessment and grading process, saving time and providing objective evaluation.
- Student support: AI-powered chatbots can provide 24/7 support to students, answering questions and providing guidance.
- Predictive analytics: AI can analyze student data to predict their performance, identify at-risk students, and recommend interventions.
- Curriculum design: AI can be used to analyze data on student performance and feedback to optimize curriculum design and delivery.
- Teacher support: AI can assist teachers in tasks such as grading, lesson planning, and feedback provision.

Similarly, Smith (2021 & 2022) outlines several applications of AI in educational management as follows:

1. **Personalized learning:** AI can be used to create customized learning paths for individual students, based on their strengths and weaknesses, learning styles, and interests.
2. **Intelligent tutoring systems:** AI-powered tutoring systems can provide real-time feedback to students, adapt to their individual learning needs, and track their progress.
3. **Student performance prediction:** AI algorithms can analyze data on student performance, attendance, and other factors to predict which students may be at risk of falling behind and intervene early.
4. **Automated grading:** AI can be used to grade multiple-choice and short-answer questions, freeing up teacher time for other tasks.
5. **Learning analytics:** AI can help educators analyze student data to identify trends and patterns, evaluate the effectiveness of teaching methods, and make data-driven decisions.
6. **Chatbots and virtual assistants:** AI-powered chatbots and virtual assistants can provide students with instant answers to common questions, freeing up teachers and administrators to focus on more complex tasks.
7. **Campus safety:** AI-powered surveillance systems can detect unusual behavior and potential threats, alerting campus security personnel in real-time.
8. **Recruitment and admissions:** AI can be used to analyze applicant data and identify candidates who are most likely to succeed in a given program.
9. **Financial aid and student services:** AI can help institutions automate financial aid applications, identify students who may be eligible for scholarships or other forms of aid, and provide personalized support to students.
10. **Curriculum development:** AI can be used to analyze trends in the job market and identify the skills and knowledge that students will need in the future, informing the development of new curricula and programs.

### **Importance of AI in Educational Management**

Generally, AI has the potential to transform various aspects of education, including educational management. Here are some of the ways in which AI can be important in educational management:

1. **Personalized Learning:**  
AI can help in creating personalized learning experiences for students by analyzing their learning styles and abilities. This will allow educators to customize their teaching methods, curricula and materials to meet the individual needs of each student. AI can be used to create personalized learning experiences for students. AI-based learning systems can analyze student data, such as their learning style, pace, and preferences, and then provide them with tailored learning experiences. This can lead to improved engagement, motivation, and ultimately, better learning outcomes (Oztok & Zingaro, 2019).
2. **Intelligent Tutoring:**  
The use of artificial intelligence (AI) in educational management can improve intelligent tutoring systems (ITS) by providing personalized and adaptive feedback to students (VanLehn, 2011). For example, AI-powered ITS can collect and analyze data on student performance, learning patterns, and engagement levels to provide individualized support and interventions (O'Neil & Chuang, 2019). Additionally, AI can enable the ITS to adjust the difficulty of the content based on the student's proficiency level, which can promote mastery learning and increase motivation (Woolf, 2010). AI-powered intelligent tutoring systems can provide immediate feedback to students, identify knowledge gaps and suggest suitable learning strategies. This can be particularly beneficial for students who need extra support in their learning.
3. **Streamlining Administrative Tasks:**

AI can be used to improve the efficiency of administrative tasks in educational institutions. AI-powered systems can automate routine tasks, such as grading, scheduling, and record-keeping, freeing up educators' time to focus on more impactful work, such as lesson planning and student engagement (Oztok & Zingaro, 2019). Educational institutions have to deal with a lot of administrative tasks, such as scheduling, grading, and record-keeping. AI can automate many of these tasks, freeing up educators' time to focus on teaching and supporting students.

#### 4. Enhancing Learning Outcomes:

Recent research suggests that the application of artificial intelligence (AI) in educational management can help to improve learning outcomes for students (Gupta, 2020). For example, AI-powered tutoring systems can provide personalized feedback and adaptive learning experiences that are tailored to each student's needs and learning style (O'Neil & Chuang, 2019). AI can also be used to analyze large amounts of student data, such as assessment scores and behavioral patterns, in order to identify areas where students may be struggling and provide targeted interventions (Zawacki-Richter & Anderson, 2014). Overall, the integration of AI in educational management has the potential to enhance teaching and learning practices and improve student outcomes. Indeed, AI can help educators identify which teaching methods and materials are most effective in enhancing learning outcomes. This information can be used to refine and improve the curriculum, resulting in better student performance.

### **Limitations and Challenges of Applying AI in Educational Management**

Artificial intelligence (AI) has the potential to revolutionize educational management by improving the efficiency and effectiveness of various processes, such as student learning, curriculum design, and administrative tasks. However, there are also limitations to the application of AI in educational management that need to be considered.

#### 1. Bias and Discrimination

One of the significant limitations of AI in educational management is the potential for bias and discrimination. As argued by Mason and Rennie (2018), AI algorithms may replicate and amplify existing biases and discrimination in educational systems, leading to further inequality and injustice. For example, AI may perpetuate gender or racial biases in student evaluations or admissions decisions. Educational managers need to be aware of these limitations and work to ensure that AI is used in a fair and equitable manner.

#### 2. Lack of Transparency and Interpretability

Another significant limitation of AI in educational management is the lack of transparency and interpretability. As noted by Veletsianos (2019), AI algorithms can be complex and difficult to understand, making it challenging for educational managers to evaluate their effectiveness and identify potential errors or biases. This lack of transparency and interpretability can make it difficult for educational managers to make informed decisions and improve their institutions' performance.

#### 3. Data Privacy and Security Breaches

A third significant limitation of AI in educational management is the potential for data privacy and security breaches. As argued by Akkaya-Kalayci and Yildirim (2020), the use of AI in educational management requires access to large amounts of data, including personal information about students, faculty, and staff. This data is vulnerable to cyberattacks and other security breaches, potentially exposing sensitive information and undermining the trust and confidence of stakeholders.

#### 4. Dehumanization and Loss of Personal Touch

Finally, another significant limitation of AI in educational management is the potential for dehumanization and loss of personal touch. Peters and Besley (2020), argue that the use of AI in educational management may lead to a reduction in human interaction and personalization, leading to a less satisfying and engaging educational experience for students. Educational managers need to strike a balance between the efficiency and effectiveness of AI and the importance of human interaction and personal touch in education.

#### 1. Lack of Ethical and Legal Guidelines

One of the primary challenges of AI in educational management is the lack of ethical and legal guidelines. AI algorithms can produce biased and discriminatory results, and it is essential to ensure that AI is used ethically and transparently. It is crucial to have guidelines that protect student privacy, ensure data security, and prevent AI from being used for surveillance purposes.

## 2. Lack of Technical Expertise and Resources

Another challenge is the lack of technical expertise and resources. AI requires specialized skills and knowledge, and educational institutions may lack the necessary resources to implement AI effectively. Training and professional development opportunities must be provided to ensure that educators and administrators have the skills to use AI effectively.

## 3. Job Displacement

AI in educational management also raises concerns about job displacement. AI can automate administrative tasks, and there is a fear that this will lead to job losses for educators and administrators. It is essential to ensure that the use of AI does not lead to job displacement but rather supports educators in their work.

## 4. Lack of Interoperability and Compatibility

Another challenge is the lack of interoperability and compatibility between different AI systems. Educational institutions use several different systems, such as learning management systems, student information systems, and assessment tools. It is essential to ensure that these systems can work together seamlessly to provide a cohesive and efficient educational experience.

## 5. Tendency for Excessive Dependence on AI

There is a concern about the over-reliance on AI in educational management. AI should not replace human educators but rather support them in their work. It is essential to ensure that AI is used as a tool to enhance teaching and learning, not replace it.

In sum, AI has the potential to transform educational management, but there are also significant limitations and challenges that need to be considered and addressing these limitations requires careful planning, ongoing evaluation, and a commitment to ethical and responsible use of AI in educational management.

## **Future of AI in Educational Management**

Artificial intelligence (AI) is rapidly transforming educational management by improving the efficiency and effectiveness of various processes, such as personalized learning, student assessment, and administrative tasks. The future of AI in educational management is bright and promising.

### 1. Personalized Learning

One of the most promising areas of AI in educational management is personalized learning. AI can help educators tailor learning experiences to the individual needs and preferences of each student, based on their learning history and performance data. As noted by Singh, Nahar, and Kumar (2021), AI-based personalized learning can improve student engagement, motivation, and learning outcomes, leading to more effective and efficient educational systems.

### 2. Student Assessment

Another promising area of AI in educational management is student assessment. AI-based assessment tools can analyze large amounts of data to provide more accurate and timely feedback to students, helping them identify areas for improvement and track their progress over time. As argued by Hill, Song, and West (2020), AI-based assessment tools can also reduce bias and subjectivity in grading, leading to fairer and more consistent evaluation of student performance.

### 3. Administrative Tasks

A third promising area of AI in educational management is administrative tasks. AI can automate routine administrative tasks, such as scheduling, grading, and record-keeping, freeing up educators and administrators to focus on more strategic and creative tasks. As noted by Teixeira, Ribeiro, and Costa (2021), AI-based administrative tools can also improve efficiency and reduce errors, leading to more effective and streamlined educational systems.

However, the future of AI in educational management also poses significant challenges and ethical considerations, such as the potential for bias, privacy breaches, and loss of human touch. As argued by Baroody and Wilkins-Yel (2021), educators and policymakers need

to develop a comprehensive framework for ethical and responsible use of AI in educational management, taking into account the potential benefits and risks of AI-based systems.

#### 5. Predictive Analytics:

The use of artificial intelligence (AI) in educational management has enabled the application of predictive analytics to identify students at risk of academic failure and implement targeted interventions (Kovanović, Joksimović, Poquet, Hennis, & de Graaff, 2019). For example, AI can analyze large amounts of data on student performance, such as test scores and attendance records, to predict which students may be struggling or at risk of dropping out (Baker & Siemens, 2014). This information can be used to provide early interventions and support to these students to improve their chances of success (Rui, Chen, & Cui, 2020). Data analytics can be used to predict which students are at risk of dropping out or falling behind academically. It can also be used to intervene and provide targeted support to these students, improving their chances of academic success. In all, the integration of AI in educational management has improved the accuracy and timeliness of predictive analytics and enabled more effective support for at-risk students.

#### 6. Development of Curriculum and Instructional Materials:

AI can also assist educators in the development of curriculum and instructional materials. By analyzing data related to student performance and feedback, AI can help identify areas where curriculum and instructional materials may need to be revised or improved. This can lead to more effective teaching and learning experiences for students (Mandernach, Gonzales, & Garrett, 2020).

#### 7. Analyzation and Interpretation of Data:

One of the most significant benefits of AI in educational management is its ability to analyze and interpret data. With the help of AI tools, educational institutions can easily gather and analyze data related to student performance, attendance, and behavior. This information can then be used to develop personalized learning plans for individual students, identify areas where teachers may need additional support, and improve overall student outcomes (Mandernach, Gonzales, & Garrett, 2020).

#### 8. Accurate and Timely Assessment and Feedback:

The application of artificial intelligence (AI) in educational management has the potential to improve the accuracy and timeliness of assessment in a variety of ways. One of the key benefits of AI-powered assessment is the ability to provide real-time feedback to students, allowing them to identify areas where they need to improve and adjust their learning strategies accordingly (McKenna, 2021). AI can also assist educators in automating the grading process, reducing the time and effort required for manual grading, and enabling more objective and consistent assessment (Kulkarni, Shabadi, & Hulipalled, 2019). Additionally, AI can help to identify patterns in student performance data, allowing educators to adjust their teaching strategies and resources to better meet the needs of individual students or groups of students (Blikstein, 2019).

By and large, AI has the potential to significantly improve educational management by providing personalized learning, intelligent tutoring, streamlining administrative tasks, enhancing learning outcomes, predictive analytics, analyzation and interpretation of data, development of curriculum and instructional materials. However, it is important to use AI responsibly and ensure that it does not replace the human element of education, but rather complements and enhances it

## Conclusion

By and large, the application of artificial intelligence (AI) in educational management can revolutionize the field of education. AI-powered tools can help educators to personalize the learning experience, improve student engagement, and provide real-time feedback. Moreover, AI can assist educational institutions in streamlining administrative tasks, automating grading and assessments, and optimizing resource allocation. The application of AI in educational management holds great promise for improving the quality and effectiveness of education, but it is important to approach this technology with caution and awareness of its potential limitations.

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